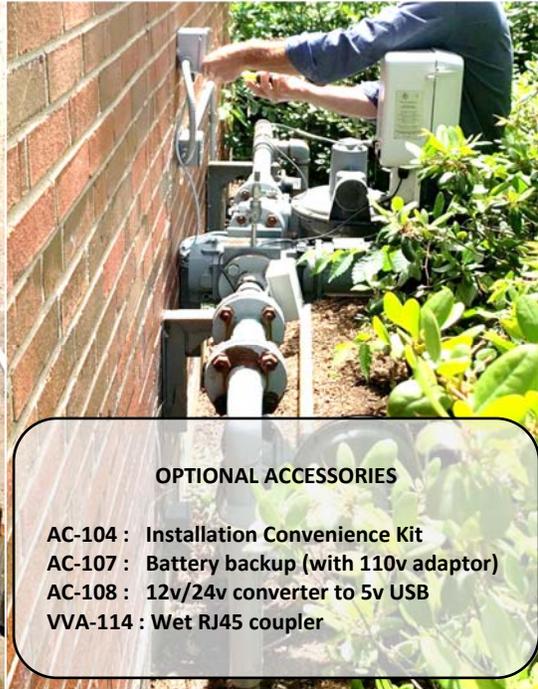


# EXPRESS KIT



**OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES**

**AC-104 : Installation Convenience Kit**  
**AC-107 : Battery backup (with 110v adaptor)**  
**AC-108 : 12v/24v converter to 5v USB**  
**VVA-114 : Wet RJ45 coupler**

**Downloads & Drivers pg 3**  
**Try Simulation pg 5**

## Setup

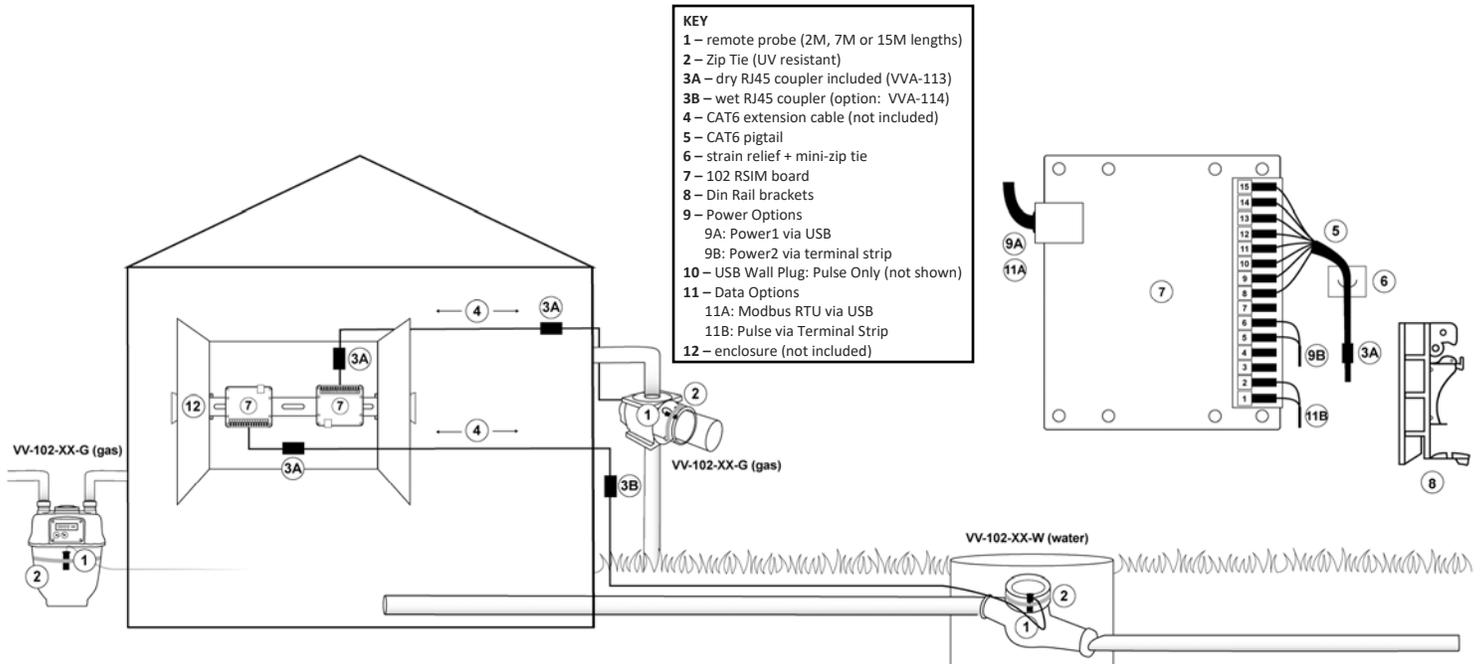
- p 2 Hardware Layout / Specifications
- p 3 Software Prep / Hardware Assembly

## Configuring On-Site or Off-Site

- p 4 Opening Console
- p 5 Navigating from Console
- p 6 Configuring Pulse
- p 7 Configuring Modbus RTU
- p 8 Final Installation of Configured Units

## Supplement

- p 9 Meter Guide
- p 10 K Factor Discovery Method "B"
- p 11 K-factor and Pulse Volume Discovery Methods

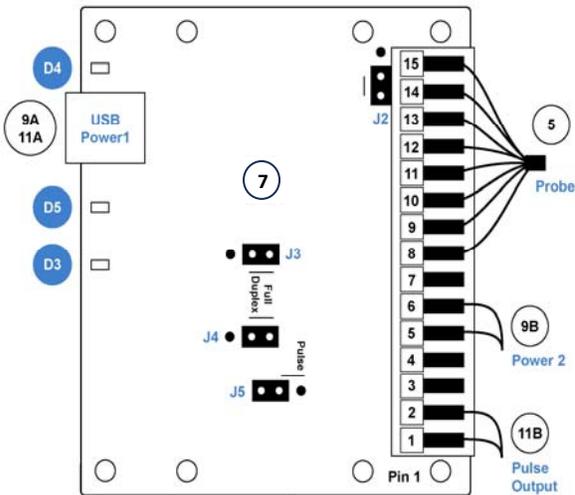
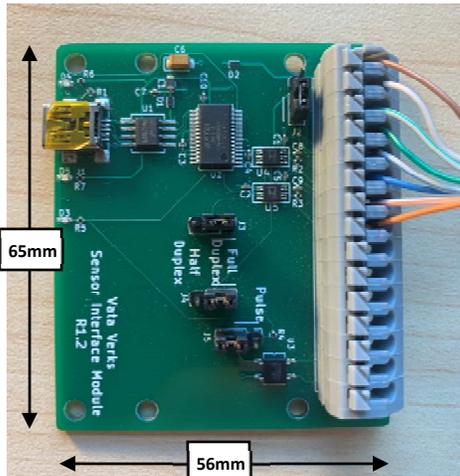
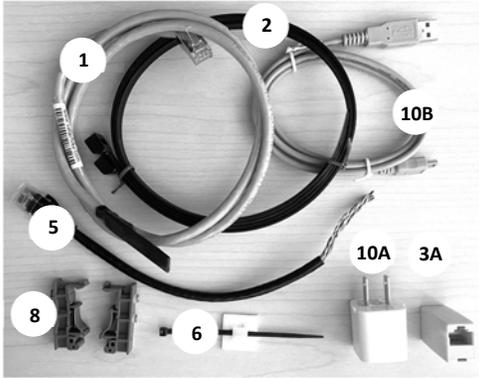


**\*\*\* IMPORTANT WARNINGS \*\*\***

### NOT FOR USE IN HAZARDOUS OR EXPLOSIVE ENVIRONMENTS

- **Conform Meter Compatibility** before invasive site work. See Meter Guide pg: 5, pre-test On-site, or contact Vata Verks.
- **Do Not Insert** this device's RJ45 connectors into any ethernet device (ex: your laptop). Permanent damage may result.
- Vata Verks reserves right to alter offerings and specifications at any time without notice and is not responsible for errors that may appear in this document.
- Sensors are used to acquire Water / Gas utility meter flow data. Vata Verks assumes no liability for their use beyond cost of repair or replacement within warranty period. See Warranty for full details.

**HARDWARE LAYOUT / SPECIFICATIONS**



**Probe Components**

- 1 Remote Probe (various lengths)
- 2 Zip Ties
- 3A (1) dry RJ45 Coupler
- 4 CAT6 Ext + 2<sup>nd</sup> Coupler (not included)
- 5 CAT6 Pigtail
- 6 Strain Relief + mini-Zip Tie

**Board Components**

- 7 102 RSIM Board
- 8 Din Rail Brackets (see pg 8)
- 9 Power Options
  - 9A Power1: USB Terminal  
110v via USB wall plug  
5v via Mini-USB
  - 9B Power2: Terminal Strip  
Terminal 5: Ground  
Terminal 6: +5v DC
- 10A USB Wall Power Plug
- 10B USB power / programming cord
- 11 Data Options
  - 11A RTU via Mini-USB
  - 11B Pulse via Terminal Strip  
(see Pulse Specification right)

**LED Key**

- D3: Pulse Mode  
Blink = Pulse indicator  
Solid = Exited Pulse Mode  
(OR probe disconnected)
- D4: RTU Mode  
Blink = RTU transmission
- D5: Power  
Solid = Power

**Jumper Key**

- J2 Admin Use Only / spare jumper
- J3 } Console
- J4 } Console
- J5 Pulse

**Accessories**

- AC-108: 12v or 24v converter to 5v USB
- AC-104: Install Convenience Kit
- AC-107: 110v power supply + Battery back up
- VVA-114: RJ45 Wet Coupler

**VV-102 SPECIFICATIONS**

**Water Version: VV-102-XX-W**  
**Compatible 95% of utility meters**  
All positive displacement, piston compound, multi-jet, single jet  
**Incompatible:** Ultra-sonic.  
For Sensus Omni: Use VV-200 series  
**Gas Version: VV-102-XX-G**  
**Compatible >99% of utility meters**  
All diaphragm, rotary, turbine.  
**Incompatible:** Ultra-sonic

**Data Protocols**

- Pulse via Term. Block
- Modbus-RTU via USB full duplex

**Typical Accuracy (12 month)**

- Water >99% Gas >97%

**Installation Limits**

- -20C to 40C
- 10% - 95% RH non-condensing
- Not for hazardous locations

**Sensor Probe**

- Outdoor, immersion, burial
- 2M, 7M, 15M long burial CAT6, AWG 23, RJ45, Pin out T568B
- Extendable to 60M / 200 ft.

**102 RSIM Board (65mm x 56mm)**

- Indoor or in User enclosure
- Mounts on Din Rails
- Mounts on Raspberry Pi
- Direct fasten to enclosure

**Pulse Specification**

- Solid State Optically Isolated Relay: DC or AC ok. No Polarity.
- Width= 10 – 100 msec (default=50)
- Max Voltage: 24v DC / 17V RMS AC
- Max Current: 1A DC / 0.5A AC RMS
- Isolation Voltage: 1kv RMS
- Device is a CPC 1020N
- Pulses>Max rate: pulsed when slow
- Pulse Wire: 16 - 24 gauge (not incl)

**Modbus RTU Specification**

- Resister Terminated
- Full Duplex Output via USB Port

**Power Consumption: <45mA Max**

**Standard Power**

- 110v, USB@5v, 5v
- USB & 5v may be powered in parallel.

**Optional Power**

- 12v/24v AC-108
- 100v + Battery Backup AC-107

**Certifications**

Complies with Part 15 of FCC Rules

**SOFTWARE PREP AND HARDWARE ASSEMBLY**

**Pro- Tip:** All VV-102 units shipped after 11/2023 will be pre-configured in Pulse-mode, Pulse k-factor 1.0, Pulse width 50 msec. If the Jumpers are moved to Position B (pg 4) the sensor unit could be directly installed

**1. Download Terminal Emulator & FTDI Driver**

For **Windows OS:** **Tera Term** (PuTTY and other emulators may be used)

1. Go to: <https://download.cnet.com/>
2. Enter: "Tera Term" in the **Download** search bar.
3. **Download and Install "Tera Term"** with default settings
4. Go to: <https://ftdichip.com/>
5. Navigate to **Drivers** then **VCP** and Download Driver  
If Windows: Download "**Setup Executable**" under Comments.
6. **Reboot Laptop**

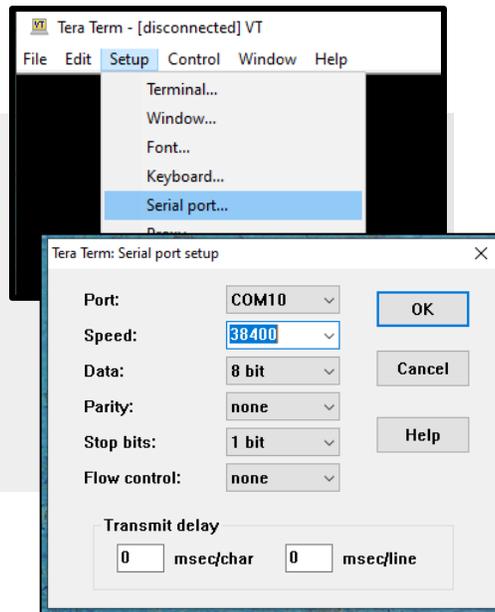
**2. Assemble Unit and Connect Laptop**

1. Connect **Remote Probe** to Board. (See right)
2. Connect to laptop with the mini-USB cable. D5 LED Solid "On"

**3. Configure "Tera Term"**

**PROBE MUST BE CONNECTED TO BOARD**

1. Open **Tera Term**.
2. Click **Setup** for dropdown
3. Choose **Serial Port...**
4. **Configure** as shown right
5. **Port\*** Choose the Com#.
6. **Speed\*\*** Choose Baud Rate  
(default = 38,400)
7. Click **New Open**



**Troubleshooting: Opening Emulator**

\*If Port prompt is "grey", and unit is connected to laptop as directed above, the laptop's FTDI Driver may be missing. Recheck above.

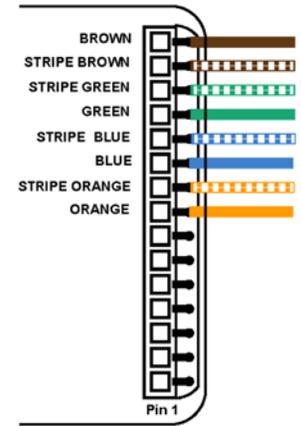
\*\*Sensor and Terminal Emulator **MUST** be set to same Baud rate.

Your Tera Term configuration can be saved. At **Setup** dropdown: click "**Save Setup**"

**To Connect to Remote Probe**

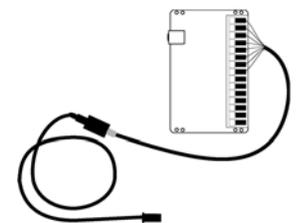
**1**

Wire **CAT6 Pigtail** to **Terminal Strip**  
Depress / Insert / Release



**2**

Connect **Remote Probe** to  
Pigtail using supplied **Coupler**



**IMPORTANT**

If extending the Probe's CAT6 cable:  
Probe End-to-Main Unit **Max Length = 200 ft**  
Requires additional Coupler.

## OPENING CONSOLE

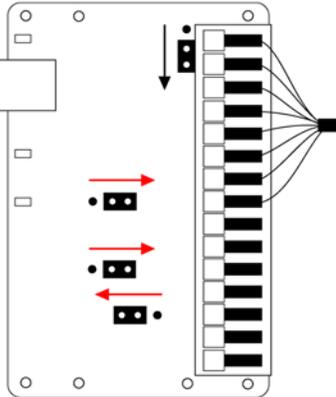
Probe MUST be Connected to Board

### ▶ Opening Console from Console Mode Jumpers in Position A

1. Open Emulator pg 3
2. TYPE: shift '6', shift '6', shift '6'; (shift '6', 3X)  
Console Opens on Screen

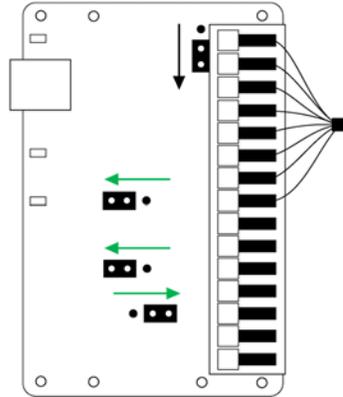
**Not Open? Possibly in Pulse Mode.**

1. Move Jumpers: **Position B**
2. Follow Instructions **RIGHT**



### ▶ Opening Console from Pulse Mode: Jumpers in Position B

1. Open Emulator pg 3
2. TYPE: shift '6', shift '6', shift '6'; (shift '6', 3X)  
D3 LED Lights **SOLID**
3. Move Jumpers: **Position A**  
Now in **Console Mode**.
4. Follow Instructions to **LEFT**



### ▶ Console

	Modbus Screen
Mode Settings	t Display amplitude and tracking status m x Set Mode (ex: m m) m m for Modbus m p for Pulse (default) m t for Pulse Test
RTU Settings	a xxx Set Modbus address: 1-255 (ex: a 170) b x Set Modbus baud rate (ex: b 5) Valid Entries: 1=2400 2=4800 3=9600 4=19200 5=38400 (default) 6=57600 7=115200
	h Set boost signal (default) w Clear boost signal c Display Configuration s Display Status f Restore Factory Defaults R Reset x Exit

m(space)p ENTER  
opens Pulse Screen

	Pulse Screen
Mode Settings	t Display amplitude and tracking status m x Set Mode (ex: m m) m m for Modbus m p for Pulse (default) m t for Pulse Test
Pulse Settings	k xxx.xxx Set Pulse k factor (ex: k 58.95) d xxx Set Pulse width, 10 to 100 msec (ex: d 100) h Set boost signal (default) (enable) w Clear boost signal (disable) c Display Configuration s Display Status f Restore Factory Defaults R Reset (or power cycle) x Exit

#### Troubleshooting: Opening Console

- If in Console Mode: Inspect wiring. Possibly disconnected.
- If in Pulse Mode and D3 LED Solid in Pos B, but will not open in Pos A. Probe wiring IS disconnected. Inspect. Replace Coupler. Until D3 is Off.
- If Baud Rate of Sensor and Emulator do not match.
  - Jumpers to **Position A**. Tera Term to 38,400
  - Power Cycle, then Shift '6' 3X, within **10 sec.** Console Mode opens
- If using a non-North American keyboard. Shift 6 3X, may not work.
  - Instead Type: NNN Wherever Shift 6 3X is called for.

**NAVIGATING FROM CONSOLE MODE**

- ▶ **1. Optional: Familiarize**    ▶ **2. Required: Find K-Factor / Pulse Vol**    ▶ **3. Complete Config.**

**SIMULATE FLOW TRACKING**

The Earth's magnetic field can be used to simulate meter tracking  
**From Console (pg 4)**

1. **t** **ENTER** to display tracking.
2. Roll Probe back and forth (as below)



amp = 1705, rev = 1  
amp = 1673, rev = 2

**Output Explained**  
amp = 1705 = Magnetic strength.  
• >360 required to track  
rev = 12 = Totalized Meter Revolutions.  
• The Meter K-factor would be used to convert revolutions to total volume.

**TRACK FLOW ON METER**

**From Console (pg 4)**

1. Strap Probe to the meter **pg 9**
2. **t** **ENTER** to display tracking  
>360 amp required. >500 preferred
3. Run water or gas (safely follow manufacturer instructions)  
amp=1705, rev=1  
amp=1673, rev=2
4. **Shut OFF Water / Gas flow**

**DISCOVER YOUR PULSE VOLUME**

The VV-102 is pre-configured to Pulse at each 1.0 meter revolution. (and easily reconfigured)  
Each Pulse = a Pulse Volume.  
The Pulse Volume is used to convert received Pulses into flow data.  
**Choose a Pulse Vol. Discovery Method. pg 11**

Pulse Volume can also be calculated from a meter's K-factor (meter size in revs/unit vol)  
**Pulse K-factor = Revs per Pulse = Pulse Volume**  
**Meter K-factor    Revs per Unit Vol**

**K-FACTOR ALREADY KNOWN**

Many meter k-factors are already known.  
Email to: [info@vataverks.com](mailto:info@vataverks.com)

- Photo of Meter data / face plate
- Photo of Probe Serial #.

One K-factor per serial #.  
Same day requests are not recommended.

**PRO TIP:** K-factors can vary on individual meters.  
Measuring k-factor for the specific meter is **Highly Recommended** and **REQUIRED** for highest accuracy.

**MEASURING K-FACTOR**

If Laptop is on Site: K-factor Discovery Method 'B' pg 10 is the most common method.

If Unit is Pre-configured, no laptop on site.  
Choose a Pulse Volume Discovery Method. pg 11

Choose a Method BEFORE Configuring

**For Pulse:** pg 6  
**For Modbus:** pg 7

Trouble Shooting: Tracking on Meter  
See Trouble Shooting pg 8

## CONFIGURING PULSE

### ► **Configuring for Pulse from CONSOLE (pg 4)** **Jumpers Position 'A'**

1. **m(space)p**                      **ENTER**    Opens Pulse Console
2. **k(space)XXX.XX**              **ENTER**    Pulse K-factor = Revolutions per Pulse

#### **PULSE K-FACTOR OPTIONS**

**A) Generic Pulse k-factor**, ex: 1.0 or 10.0 Revs / Pulse is easiest to Pre-Configure and Deploy. Volume per Pulse is calculated in the back end.

**B) Volumetric Pulse k-factor:** Each Pulse represents a unit volume (ex: 1 ft3). Use Meter K-factor to calculate the revolutions required for that volume.  
ex: if 426.45 revs = 1 ft3, enter k 426.45 into Console. Then 1 pulse = 1 ft3.  
Usually requires more time for on-site configuration.

3. **c**                      **ENTER**            Displays Pulse Configuration. Confirm.
4. **R**                      **ENTER**            Activates Configuration. Enters Pulse Mode
5. **Jumpers to Position 'B'**  
    Optional **Pulse Simulation** (see bottom right this page)
6. Complete Final Installation **pg 8**

#### **To EXIT Pulse Mode (OR Pulse Test) back to Console Mode:**

1. Set Terminal Emulator to default 38,400 if changed
2. Type: **Shift '6' 3X**            D3 LED lights Solid. Exits Pulse Mode
3. **Jumpers to Position 'A'**
4. Type: **Shift '6' 3X**            Console opens
5. **m(space)p**                      **ENTER**            Opens Pulse Console

NOTE: "Boost" reverts to Enabled upon Exiting Pulse

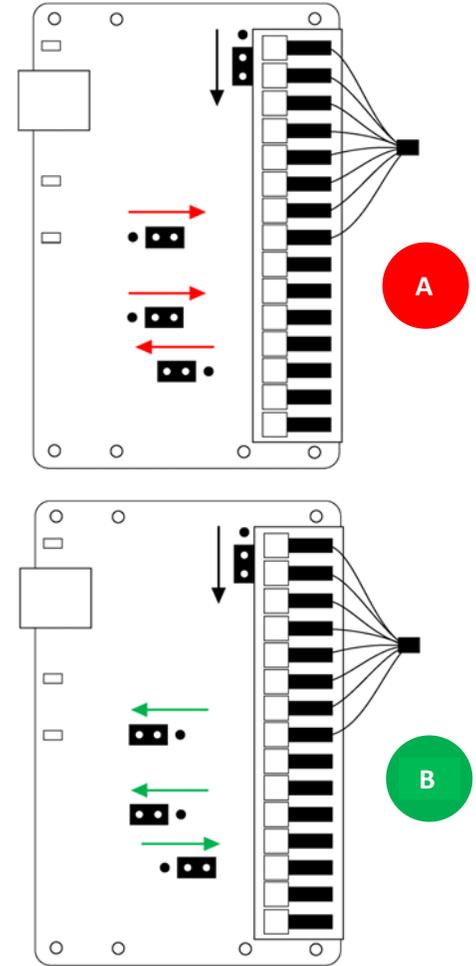
#### **Optional Pulse Test Mode:**

##### **Auto outputs 1 Pulse / second to test Pulse Wiring and Pulse Counting.**

1. **m(space)t**                      **ENTER**            Set for Pulse Test Mode
2. **R**                                  **ENTER**            to Activate changes
3. **Jumpers to Position 'B'**
4. **To start Pulses: Shake probe back and forth 5 times.**

#### **Troubleshooting:**

- **Difficulty exiting to Console mode**
  - Follow both sets of instructions top of pg 3.
- **Will not accept Pulse K-factor when entered.**
  - Pulse K-factor Minimum = 1.0    Maximum = 30,000
  - If <1.0, increase Pulse k-factor AND Pulse Vol. (ex. Change 0.23 rev/1 ft3 to 2.3 rev/10 ft3)



#### **SIMULATE PULSE OUTPUT**

- Configure Pulse as instructed (**left**)
- Roll sensor back and forth
- D3 LED will blink with every Pulse.
- If **Pulse k-factor = 1.0**  
Unit will pulse every cycle



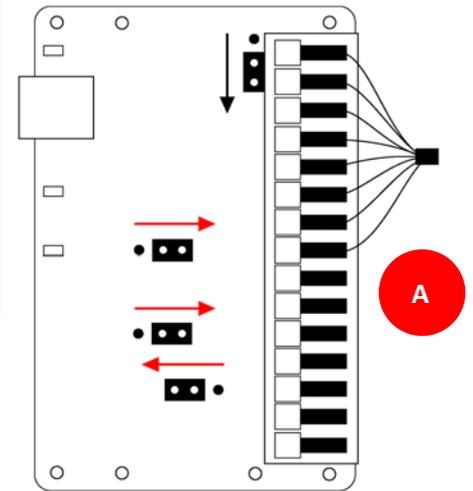
## CONFIGURING MODBUS RTU

The VV-102 is Resister Terminated and features Full Duplex Modbus RTU via the USB Port.

The VV-102 is shipped from factory in Pulse Mode. Follow pg 3 Instructions “Opening Console from Pulse Mode”

### ► Configuring for Modbus RTU from CONSOLE (see pg 4) Jumpers Position ‘A’

1. **m(space)m**      **ENTER**      for Modbus RTU Mode
  2. Modbus address      (default 170)      Change if required
  3. Modbus baud Rate      (default 38,400)      Change if required
  4. **c**      **ENTER**      Displays Modbus Configuration
  5. **R**      **ENTER**      to Reset or Power-Cycle  
Activates Configuration
- NOTE: After Reset, if Baud changed, Emulator Baud MUST change**
6. Complete Final Installation Pg 8



### 1. To EXIT Modbus RTU Mode to Console Mode:

Type: **shift '6' 3X**      Console Opens

**NOTE: Baud of Emulator & Sensor must match. See Troubleshooting pg 4.**

### MODBUS RTU CONSOLE

- t Display amplitude and tracking status
- m x Set Mode (ex: m m)  
m m for Modbus  
m p for Pulse (default)  
m t for Pulse Test
- a xxx Set Modbus address: 1-255 (ex: a 170)
- b x Set Modbus baud rate (ex: b 5)  
Valid Entries:  
1=2400  
2=4800  
3=9600  
4=19200  
5=38400 (default)  
6=57600  
7=115200
- h Set boost signal (default)
- w Clear boost signal
- c Display Configuration
- s Display Status
- f Restore Factory Defaults
- R Reset
- x Exit

### CONFIGURING MODBUS RTU MASTER

The RTU Sensor defaults are as follows:

1. Baud rate: **38,400**
2. 8 bit data, No Parity, 1 stop bit.
3. Modbus Address 170

The RTU Sensor supports the following function codes:

- 03: Read Registers
- 06: Write Single Register
- 16: Write Multiple Registers

The following data registers are available

Offset	Read / Write	Description	
0	R	Software Version	The version of the running software
1	R	Address	The current Modbus Address
2	R	Rev. Count low word	32 bit value of the current revolution count Read the 2 together to confirm no roll over between reads.
3	R	Rev. Count high word	
4	R/W	RTU Sensor Command	01: Reset the revolution counter 02: Issue a software reset to the Modbus RTU Sensor
5	R	Signal Level	A positive value proportional to the signal strength. Requires >1 revolution of utility meter to be a value other than 0.
6	R	State	Can either be <u>Acquiring</u> a signal or <u>Counting</u> revolutions. 01=Acquisition 02=Tracking
7	R	Sensor Bus voltage in mV	Normal operating voltage is 3300mV (+/-100mV) A voltage < 2600mV is unacceptable. Investigate the problem. Lower values can be excessive cable losses (long runs) or low 5VDC supply voltage (USB power).
8	R	Sensor Temp. in degrees C	Note: not highly accurate. Considered a relative measurement. A temp. approaching 0, is a cause for water freeze alarm. Accuracy is not guaranteed.

## INSTALLATION

### ► Installation of Configured Units

**NOTE: The Sensor must be Pre-configured, OR Configured during Final Installation.**

1. Run Probe Cable + CAT6 extension from Meter to Enclosure (see pg 1)
  - Probe + Probe Extension: **NOT to exceed 60M / 200 ft.**
  - **PRO TIP:** If removing /re-crimping probe RJ45 connector: Pin out T568B
2. Zip tie Probe to Meter, cable to pipe. Refer to Meter Guide **pg 9**
  - **PRO TIP:** Re-use Zip Ties. Flat head Jeweler screwdriver to open latch.
3. Inside your Enclosure: Mount Sensor Board with Pigtail. Choose:
  - on Din Rails (**see brackets right**)
  - on Raspberry Pi
  - on enclosure wall with screws or Velcro tape
4. Zip tie Pigtail to enclosure with Adhesive Strain relief
5. Make Final Connections (**pg 2**)
  - Connect Probe to pigtail with included Coupler
  - If Pulse: Connect to Power and Pulse Counter.
  - If RTU: Connect USB cable to network and Power.

Note: Power1 / Power2 may be wired in parallel for both Pulse or RTU

**IMPORTANT:** If probe moves, power cycle **AFTER** re-securing probe



**PRO TIP: Unlatching a Zip**



**Din Rail Brackets**

### ► Commissioning

1. **Flow Water or Gas safely (as instructed by appliance manufacturer)**
  - Confirm successful Pulse or RTU Communications
  - **PRO TIP:** If flow is impossible, pg 6 Simulation can create Pulse / RTU data. After confirming data transmission, strap probe to meter, and power cycle.
2. **Shut OFF Water or Gas flow**
3. **Pulse Volume / Meter k-factor.**  
Review discovery options pg 11, if not already chosen.
4. **Document the Installation**
  - Record: Meter Model, K-factor, Pulse K-factor, Probe Serial No, Installation Photo, location. Email to: info@vataverks.com

**Installation Complete**

#### Troubleshooting: Installation

- Exterior Meter with exterior RJ45 Connections
  - Use IP68 waterproof Couplers.
  - OR use longer Probes to make interior Connections.
- Pulses are not Counted.
  - Check Pulse output wiring.
  - Pulses too short for Counter. Increase Pulse width.
- **\*\*OVERFLOW\*\*** Alert in Console Mode = Over Strong Magnetic field
  - Shift Probe to weaker location
  - OR Disable Boost. Then Reset

#### Troubleshooting: Installation

- Not Tracking Flow
  - Magnetic Signal too weak. Shift Probe. Amplitude >360 Required to track.
  - Confirm "Boost" is enabled.
  - Meter is incompatible (**see compatibility pg 2**)
  - Are you using a too long probe cable run or using non-CAT6 probe cable?
    - s Enter for Status
    - If probe voltage is <3000mV, shorten cable or increase wire gauge.

**METER GUIDE**

Rotary or Turbine Gas Meters



**How to Read a Rotary Meter**

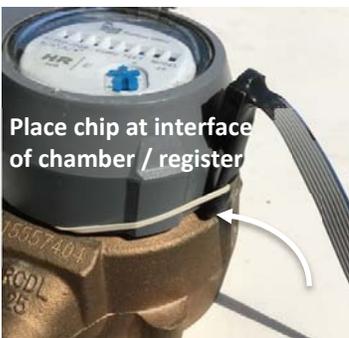
- Use the "Non-Compensated Volume" reading.
- Dresser: Use a light to see 10's and 1's. (see below).
- Snap photo of the register and read from the photo.
- Dresser: Each "hash" mark on right side = 0.2 ft<sup>3</sup>.
  - Rollover (X.00 ft<sup>3</sup>) = main hash aligns with fixed hash.
  - Estimate to the 2<sup>nd</sup> decimal place. (ex: 3,403,721.36 ft<sup>3</sup>)



When Compensated & Non-Compensated output is greatly different the utility may be using a high pressure feed.  
Confirm K-factor with the Monthly Bill

**Need some help? Send Meter photos to [info@vataverks.com](mailto:info@vataverks.com)**

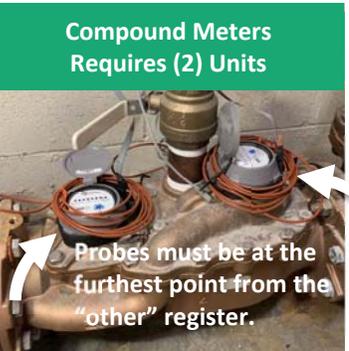
Water Meters



**METER READING**

1. Take meter readings from a photo
2. Read digits / dial. Estimate last digit between "hash" marks
3. Check Meter units (ex: Gal or Cubic Feet)
4. Avoid register voids and rollovers.

**Diaphragm Gas Meters:  
Place Probe Vertically + Horizontally Centered Front OR Back**



**K FACTOR DISCOVERY METHOD “B”**

**For all Meters with Resolution < 1 ft<sup>3</sup>**

(If resolution = 100 ft<sup>3</sup> this method may be unsuitable)

**Temporary Install at Meter**

**From Console Mode pg 4**

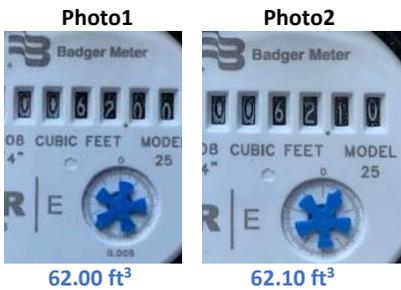
NOTE: Keep Board Safe in Plastic Bag

1. Strap Probe to meter. See Meter Guide pg 9
2. **t ENTER** to Display Tracking Status
3. **Start flow (Water or Gas) to Track**  
amp = 7785, rev = 2 TRACKING (2 Revs)  
amp = 7619, rev = 9

**Data Collection**

1. **To START Test**  
**Simultaneously:**
  - a. **rev1:** Record Rev count (ex: 12 revs) **AND**
  - b. take **Photo1** of Meter (as below)

If Gas: Use “Non-Compensated” output



2. **During Test PERIOD**
  - a. Run Water or Gas.  
>400 Revs preferred. More is better.
3. **To STOP Test**  
**Simultaneously:**
  - a. **rev2:** Record Rev count (ex: 85 revs) **AND**
  - b. take **Photo2** of Meter (as above)

**SHUT OFF WATER OR GAS FLOW**  
Optionally, shut off flow after Step 2

**K-Factor Calculation**

4. Read the Meters in photos
5. **k-factor =  $\frac{\text{total Revs}}{\text{total Vol}} = \frac{\text{rev2} - \text{rev1}}{\text{Photo2} - \text{Photo1}}$**  (from Sensor)  
(from Meter)
6. Complete configuration pg 6 or 7.

**For Diaphragm Gas Meters**

Diaphragm Gas Meters lack 10 ft<sup>3</sup> & 1 ft<sup>3</sup> register resolution. Therefore the ½ ft<sup>3</sup> dial must be used.

**Temporary Install at Meter**

**From Console Mode pg 4**

NOTE: Keep Board Safe in Plastic Bag

1. Strap Probe to meter. See Meter Guide pg 9
2. **t ENTER** to Display Tracking Status
3. **Start Gas flow to Track**  
amp = 7785, rev = 2 TRACKING (ex: 2 Revs)  
amp = 7619, rev = 3

**Data Collection**

\*While Gas Continues to flow:

1. **START Test at Instant of Sensor Rev Roll Over.**



**SIMULTANEOUSLY:**

- a. **rev1:** Record Rev count from Vata Verks sensor **AND**
- b. take **Photo A** of Meter ½ ft<sup>3</sup> Dial



2. **During Test PERIOD**  
**Carefully Count** full rotations of the ½ ft<sup>3</sup> dial. Watch closely. ~20 rotations is acceptable. (21 illustrated in Photo B)
3. **STOP Test at the Instant of Roll Over.**  
**SIMULTANEOUSLY:**
  - a. **rev2:** Record Rev count from Vata Verks sensor **AND**
  - b. take **Photo C** of Meter ½ ft<sup>3</sup> Dial

**SHUT OFF GAS FLOW**

**K-Factor Calculation**

4. **Totalize flow volume from Photos**  
Ex: Total = 0.67 + 21.0 + 0.84 = 22.51 rotations of ½ ft<sup>3</sup> dial  
Total Vol = 11.255 ft<sup>3</sup>
5. **k-factor =  $\frac{\text{total Revs}}{\text{total Vol}} = \frac{\text{rev2} - \text{rev1}}{11.25}$**  (from Sensor)  
(from Meter)
6. Complete configuration pg 6 or 7.

# VV-102 K-factor / Pulse Volume Discovery Methods: Choose One

	On-Site Configuration <u>On-Site K-factor Calculation</u> (laptop on-site)		Off-Site Configuration <u>Off-Site K-factor Calculation</u> (no laptop on-site)			
			*METHOD C & D2 PRO TIP: During Peak flows, a Pulse-rate over what can be transmitted in 1 second are "banked" and transmitted when flow slows. Because of this, Pulse Volume cannot be accurately discovered if Meter is past Peak pulse at moment of <b>START</b> or <b>STOP</b> . If D3 LED is pulsing at 10X per sec, do not <b>START</b> until it slows. If Started, do not <b>STOP</b> until it slows.			
<b>METHODS</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b> <i>PREFERRED</i>	<b>C*</b>	<b>D2*</b> <i>PREFERRED</i>	<b>E</b> <i>PREFERRED</i>	<b>F</b> <i>GOOD</i>
<b>Revs from:</b>	Laptop	Laptop	Pulse Flashes Pulse Counter	Pulse Counter Pulse Counter	Customer Database	Customer Database
<b>Flow from:</b>	Measured Container	Meter Photo	Measured Container**	Meter Photo	Meter Photo	Utility Bill
<b>Situational Limits</b>	Water ONLY Small or Controlled Buildings No Compound water meters	Meter Resolution <1 ft3	Water & Pulse ONLY Small or Controlled Buildings No Compound water meters Electric power at faucet If Pulse K-factor 1.0: Low flows only	Pulse ONLY Electric power at meter Meter Resolution <1 ft3	For Water and Gas. NOTE: If gas meter resolution = 100 ft3 START/STOP at 100.00 ft3 rollover	No Compound water meters Test month + Prior month MUST be Actual meter reads. No Est. reads
<b>Flow Limits</b>	Test faucet <u>ONLY</u> . All other = 0	All Flows OK	Test faucet <u>ONLY</u> . All other = 0	All Flows OK	All Flows OK	All Flows OK
<b>Accuracy</b>	>95%.	>99%	>95%.	Video: >99%, Eye: ~95%	>99%	1 month >97% 2 mon >98%
<b>Poss. Error</b>	Secondary flows Few revolutions	Meter reading	Pulse Flash mis-count Secondary flows	Flash mis-count	Meter reading	Time of Bill Start/Stop Low seasonal usage
<b>On-site Effort</b>	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	Low	Zero
<b>Total Time</b>	15 minutes	15 minutes	15 Minutes	15 Minutes	Hours or days or weeks	32 - 63 days after install

# VV-102 K-factor / Pulse Volume Discovery Methods: Instructions

<b>Off - Site Prep</b>	Unit Set-up pg 3	If Diaphragm Gas Meter: pg 10 Unit Set-up pg 3 See full example Pg 10	Unit Set-up pg 3 Pre-configure for Pulse pg 6 Pulse K-factor 1.0 or 10.0	If Diaphragm Gas Meter: pg 10 Unit Set-up pg 3 Pre-configure for Pulse pg 6 Pulse K-factor 10.0	Unit Set-up pg 3 Pre-configure pg 6 or 7 Know Pulse Counter upload period	Unit Set-up pg 3 Pre-configure pg 6 or 7
<b>On - Site Prep</b>	Temporary Install for K-factor Probe on Meter pg 9 connected to RSIM Board+Laptop at <u>Faucet</u> (board protected in plastic bag) -at Console Mode pg 4 t ENTER: to display tracking	Temporary Install for K-factor Probe on Meter pg 9 connected to RSIM Board+Laptop at <u>Faucet</u> (board protected in plastic bag) -at Console Mode pg 4 t ENTER: to display tracking	Temporary Install Probe on Meter pg 9 connected to RSIM Board at <u>Faucet</u> (board protected in plastic bag) -connect RSIM board to power -connect Pulse counter if using	Temporary Install Probe on Meter pg 9 connected to RSIM Board at <u>Meter</u> (board protected in plastic bag) -connect RSIM board to power -connect Pulse counter if using	Permanent Install. Pg 8 Probe on Meter connected to 102 RSIM Board Permanently Installed, tracking, communicating to database. Confirm data reception	Permanent Install. Pg 8 Probe on Meter connected to 102 RSIM Board Permanently Installed, tracking, communicating to database. Confirm data reception
<b>On - Site Data Collection</b>	-run low flow, unit tracks D3 LED flashes -Stop Flow at flash. -Confirm meter flow=0 -Record Rev1 count from laptop  START -Fill Container to measure line. (larger = better)  STOP -Confirm meter flows=0 -Record Rev2 count from laptop  Repeat to confirm results.	-run flow until unit tracks D3 LED flashes  AT START: Simultaneously -Record Rev1 from laptop -Take Photo1 of Meter  More flow = more accuracy  AT STOP: Simultaneously -Record Rev2 from laptop -Take Photo2 of Meter  -Stop flow.	-run low flow, unit tracks D3 LED flashes -Stop Flow at flash -Confirm meter flow=0 -Start Flow down Drain.  START: at D3 LED Flash Pulse0, <u>instantly</u> divert to container  <u>-Do Not Overflow.</u> -Count D3 Pulses (Do not count 1st Pulse0)  STOP: at D3 LED Flash Pulse# <u>instantly</u> divert flow to Drain. -if Container Overflow: Do over  -Stop flow. -Confirm meter flow=0 -Repeat to Confirm Results	-run <u>med</u> flow, unit tracks D3 LED flashes  START at 1st D3 LED Pulse0: <u>Simultaneously</u> -Take Photo1 of Meter -Record Pulse Count1 Continue flow. More flow=more accuracy.  STOP at last D3 LED Pulse#: <u>Simultaneously</u> -Take Photo2 of Meter -Record Pulse Count2 Stop Flow	**Take Photos simultaneous with Pulse Counter upload. If not known, take photo every minute for an upload period. (ex:15 photos over 15 min)  START** Take Photo1 of Meter  To minimize error, Maximize flow between START / STOP: hours, days, weeks.  STOP** Take Photo2 of Meter.	No On-Site Data Collection
<b>Calculation &amp; Final Install</b>	Total Flow = Measured Volume  Total Revs = Rev2 - Rev1  K-factor = Total Revs / Total Flow  Configure (Pulse / RTU) pg 6 or 7  Permanent Install. Pg 8	Read Meters from Photo1 & 2 Total Flow = Photo2 - Photo1  Total Revs = Rev2 - Rev1  K-factor = Total Revs / Total Flow  Configure (Pulse / RTU) pg 6 or 7  Permanent Install. Pg 8	Permanent Install. Pg 8  Total Flow = Measured Volume  Total Pulses = Pulse Count Pulse0 to last Pulse# (Do not count 1st Pulse0)  Volume per Pulse = Total Flow / Total Pulses  **Larger Pulse Volumes may require large or multiple containers.	Permanent Install. Pg 8  Read Meters from Photo1 & 2 Total Flow = Meter2 - Meter1  Total Pulses = (Count2 - Count1)  Volume per Pulse = Total Flow / Total Pulses	Choose Photos time stamped closest to a Pulse Counter Upload Read Meters from Photo1 & 2 Total Flow = Meter2 - Meter1  Use Photo1 & 2 time stamps to calculate Total Pulses received in database during period.  Volume per Pulse = Total Flow / Total Pulses	Review Utility Bills Test month and prior month MUST be "Actual" reads.  Total Flow = Utility Bill volume (converted to std units ex: ft3)  From your database, calculate Total Pulses from noon 1st day to noon last day of bill  Volume per Pulse = Total Flow / Total Pulses